

| <b>Metric</b>   |                       | Demographic information  |
|---|-----------------------|--|
| The proportion of patients aged 65 years and over     |                       |  |
| The GP practice deprivation score estimate (IMD 2015) |                       |  |
| The proportion of patients who live in a nursing home |                       |  |
| <b>Number</b>   | <b>Part of system</b> | <b>Metric</b>  |
| 1   | Primary Care          | Patients aged 65 years or over who have had a frailty assessment   |
| 2   | Primary Care          | Patients aged 65 years or over who are identified as living with frailty, and the severity of their condition                    |
| 3   | Primary Care          | Patients aged 65 years and over with moderate or severe frailty who are recorded as having had a fall in the preceding 12 months |
| 4   | Primary Care          | Patients aged 65 years and over with severe frailty who have received an annual medication review                                |
| 5   | Primary Care          | Patients aged 65 years and over with 10 or more unique medications   |
| 6   | Primary care          | Flu immunisation rate in people aged 65 years and over   |
| 7   | Mental Health         | Dementia: 65+ years old estimated diagnosis rate   |
| 8   | Primary Care          | Proposed indicator - Patients aged 65 years and over, with depression or dementia, and who have moderate or severe frailty       |
| 9   | Care in the community | The proportion of people (aged 65+ years) who use services who have control over their daily life                                |

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| 10 | Care in the community      | The proportion of people (aged 65+ years) who use services who reported that they had as much social contact as they would like        |
| 11 | Care in the community      | Carer reported quality of life   |
| 12 | Care in the community      | Proposed indicator - Measurement of loneliness / reduced loneliness  |
| 13 | Care in the community      | Proposed indicator - Number of people referred into social prescribing schemes   |
| 14 | Emergency care             | A&E attendance rates for patients aged 65 years and over   |
| 15 | Emergency care             | Emergency hospital admission rates for patients aged 65 and over   |
| 16 | Emergency care             | Emergency readmissions within 30 days of discharge from hospital (patients aged 65 years and over)                                     |
| 17 | In hospital delays         | Proportion of stranded patients in hospital: Length of stay 7+ and 21+ days  |
| 18 | Emergency / secondary care | Conversion rates from A&E attendance to hospital admission (patients aged 65+ years)   |
| 19 | Emergency care             | Hospital activity in the last year of life (patients aged 65+ years)   |
| 20 | Secondary care             | Hospital Trust indicator set (Falls with harm, Pressure ulcers, Patient experience of hospital care, A&E waiting time 4 hour standard) |

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| 21 | Social care - discharge | Older people (aged 65 and over) who were still at home 91 days after discharge from hospital into reablement/rehabilitation services |
| 22 | Social care - discharge | Long-term support needs of older adults (aged 65 and over) met by admission to residential and nursing care homes                    |
| 23 | Mortality               | Proportion of deaths in usual place of residence   |